

# ComProj

## System matrix evaluation for Compton imaging system

MEREC 2023

10/09/2023

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# Hello !

## Hello, my name is Mehdi

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SiMS team (LS2N/ECN)

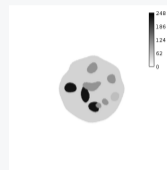
Nuclear Oncology team (CRCI<sup>2</sup>NA/CHU de Nantes).

## My PhD thesis

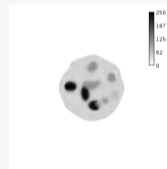
The main goal of my PhD is to combine

- PET imaging (cf. BIOSIM with Thomas Carlier);
- ⇒ Compton imaging (cf. Next slide)

to obtain **images** of radioactivity distribution through **photon detections**.



Emissions



Reconstruction

Credit: Y.Moussaoui

## ... based on Compton scattering/effect

Compton effect is the **scattering** of photon after an interaction with an electron. It results in an **energy deposit**.

### A bit of math

Let  $M$  be a decay source and assume that the photon will interact at **least twice** (CS, then CS or PE):

Apex:  $V_1$ ;

Axis:  $\Delta = \overrightarrow{V_2 V_1}$ ;

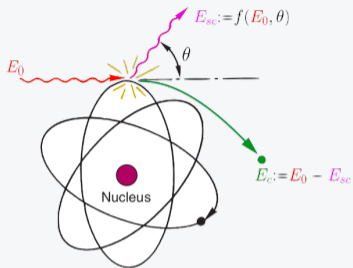
Angle:  $\theta = \arccos \left( 1 - \frac{m_e c^2 E_1}{E_0 (E_0 - E_1)} \right)$ .

### Property of Compton kinematic:

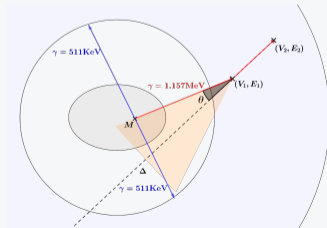
$M$  lies on the **Cone of Response** (COR).

### Compton Tomographic reconstruction:

By combining all the detected CORs, reconstruct an image of the radioactive distribution e.g. using ML based algorithms.



Compton Scattering - Adapted from: Cherry et al. [2012]



## Direct model:

$$\mathbf{y}_n \sim \mathcal{P}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\lambda}}) \text{ with } \bar{\boldsymbol{\lambda}} := \sum_{j=1}^J A_j(\mathbf{y}_n) \lambda_j + \varepsilon_n$$

where:

$\mathbf{y}_n$  is a measurement vector e.g. interaction coordinates, energy deposits, ...

$\boldsymbol{\lambda} = (\lambda_j)_j$  is the radioactive distribution discretized in  $J$  voxel;

$\varepsilon_n$  is a hint of noise;

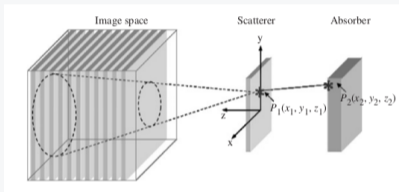
$A_j(\mathbf{y}_n)$  is the system matrix i.e. the **probability** that an photon emission **occurring in voxel  $j$**  will be detected as a COR obtained with the **measurement vector  $\mathbf{y}_n$** .

**How to estimate  $A_j(\mathbf{y}_n)$  ??**

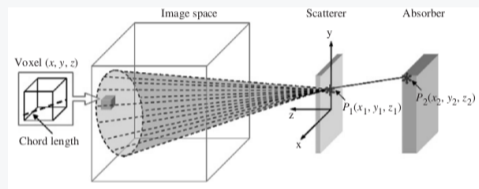
## Two main approaches for $A_j(\mathbf{y}_n^k)$ estimation

COR based approach to evaluate the system matrix:

Ellipse-stacking method Wilderman et al. [1998]



Ray-tracing method Kim et al. [2007]



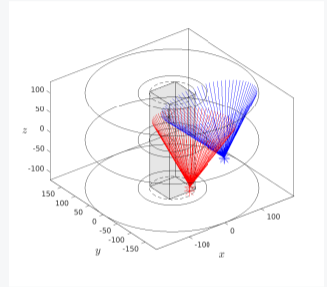
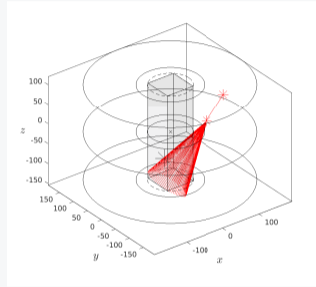
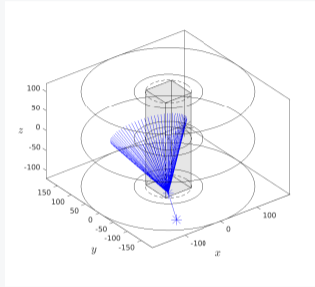
**ESM method** exploits the intersection of a COR with a plane, i.e. an ellipse;


**RTM method** uses COR generatrix and a ray-tracing algorithm e.g. Siddon [1985].

## Aim of this Research Methodology project

To investigate existing methods to evaluate the intersection of a COR and voxels (in particular a multi-Siddon approach) and ...

# From literature to direct application



... the implementation of studied methods in POLLUX & ARIANE () , simulators of particle/matter interaction that we're developing (MATLAB) and based on computer graphics methods.

# Thank you for your attention

## Questions?

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Slides available on my website: [mlatif.fr](http://mlatif.fr)

ComProj: #Nuclear Oncology, #Inverse problem, #Computer graphics, ...

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